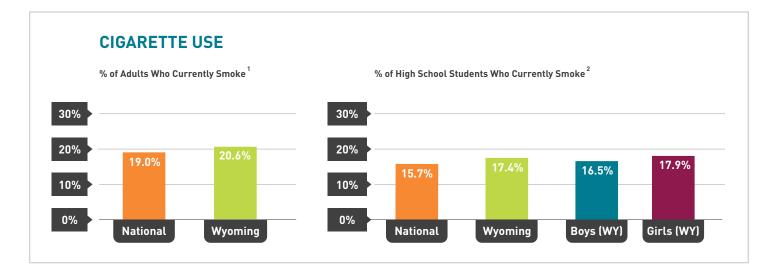




WYOMING + TOBACCO



OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCT USE

- The prevalence of smokeless tobacco use among adults in Wyoming was 8.8% in 2013. 12.8% of adult current cigarette smokers in Wyoming were also current smokeless tobacco users in 2013.³
- In 2013, 14.2% of high school students in Wyoming used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 8.8% of high school students used smokeless tobacco on at least one day in the past 30 days.²
- In 2013, 14.9% of high school students in Wyoming smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days. Nationally, 12.6% of high school students smoked cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least one day in the past 30 days.²

ECONOMICS OF TOBACCO USE AND TOBACCO CONTROL

- In FY2015, Wyoming allocated \$4.6 million in state funds to tobacco prevention, which is 54.1% of the Centers for Disease Control and Preventions (CDC) Annual Spending Target.⁴
- The health care costs in Wyoming, directly caused by smoking, amount to \$258 million annually.
- State and federal Medicaid costs for Wyoming total \$44.8 million annually for smoking-caused health care.
- Wyoming loses \$202.4 million in productivity each year due to smoking.

SEPTEMBER 2015 truthinitiative.org p 1

• Wyoming received an estimated \$44 million in tobacco settlement payments and taxes in FY2015. 4

STATE TOBACCO LAWS^{6,7}

EXCISE TAX

• The state tax increased to \$0.60 per pack of cigarettes in July 2003. Moist snuff is taxed \$0.60 per ounce. Cigars, snuff, and other tobacco products are taxed 20% of the wholesale price.

CLEAN INDOOR AIR ORDINANCES

- Smoking is restricted in all government workplaces. The state places no other restrictions on smoking.
- Smoking is prohibited in certain outdoor locations, including sports arenas, bus shelters, and on public transportation.

YOUTH ACCESS LAWS

- The minimum age requirement for the purchase of tobacco products is 18, and penalties exist for both minors and merchants who violate this law.
- Establishments are required to post signs stating that sales to minors are prohibited.
- The sale to minors of electronic cigarettes is prohibited.

CESSATION STATISTICS AND BENEFITS

- \bullet The CDC estimates that 49.3% of adult smokers in Wyoming tried to guit smoking in 2013.
- Wyoming's Medicaid program covers Nicotine Replacement Therapy (NRT) Gum, NRT Patch, NRT Lozenge, Varenicline (Chantix), Bupropion (Zyban), and individual counseling.
- The state Medicaid program's barriers to coverage include limits on duration, annual limits on quit attempts, and minimal co-payments.
- Wyoming's state quitline invests \$10.10 per smoker; the national average investment per smoker is \$3.65.
- Wyoming does not have a private insurance mandate provision for cessation.

SEPTEMBER 2015 truthinitiative.org p 2

REFERENCES

- ¹ CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013
- ² CDC, Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System, 2013
- ³ CDC, State-Specific Prevalence of Cigarette Smoking and Smokeless Tobacco Use Among Adults—MMWR, United States, 2011-2013
- ⁴ Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, Broken Promises to Our Children: a State-by-State Look at the 1998 State Tobacco Settlement 16 Years Later FY2015, 2014
- ⁵ Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids, State Tobacco-Related Costs and Revenues, 2014
- ⁶ American Lung Association, SLATI State Reports, 2015
- ⁷ American Lung Association, State of Tobacco Control, 2015
- CDC, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, State Tobacco Activities Tracking and Evaluation System, 2013
- * The seven recommended cessation medications are NRT Gum, NRT Patch, NRT Nasal Spray, NRT Inhaler, NRT Lozenge, Varenicline (Chantix), and Buproprion (Zyban).
 - Fiore MC, Jaen CR, Baker TB, Bailiey WC, Benowitz NL, Curry SJ, et al. Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence: 2008 Update. Clinical Practice Guideline. Rockville, MD: US Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service: May 2008.

SEPTEMBER 2015 truthinitiative.org p 3